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The pre-trial investigation conference is a pre-trial investigation conference during which the investigation will be resolved without trial. It usually takes place in the presence of a judge, prosecutor, defendant and defendant's lawyer. Under the LawAccess Act, the judge assesses the facts of the case and determines whether the charge is appropriate, whether the defendant must make a change in the plea, whether the prosecution must change the summary of the facts and give an indication of the judgment if the plea becomes one of the pleas in law. The judge mainly assessed the strengths and weaknesses of the case during the questioning of the situation. Court journalists are responsible for providing transcription services during litigation and other public speaking events. Due to the nature of the work, it is important that the supplier has formal training from an approved training programme. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, court reporters pay an average of \$25.85 an hour, \$53,710 a year. By exceeding training expectations, your pay and employment accommodation will increase. Few universities offer bachelor's degree programmes for court reporting. Many employers only require court reporter jobseekers with associate degrees. The specific field of your degree should include court reporting or shorthand. Because assistant degree programs are taught at local colleges and universities, you usually need a high school diploma or GED before enrolling in the program. If you don't have the money to enroll in an associate degree program, another option is to earn a diploma or diploma. By enrolling in the court's reporting or stenographer certificate program, you will earn a diploma within half the time it takes to complete an associate degree. If you sign up for a training program, make sure the program provides laboratory training. During laboratory training, you will gain practical experience in court reporting, language and writing, machine shorthand theory, medical terminology, court transcription and more. Before enrolling in the court reporter's training program, make sure the Program has been recognized and approved by the National Court Reporting Association (NCRA). The NCRA ensures that all court reporting training programs meet the highest training standards. If you participate in a school or training program that is not accredited by the NCRA, this may hinder your ability to obtain a license, certificate or even a job. The list of approved training programmes is listed on the NCRA website. Depending on the state you want to work in, you may need a license to complete your formal training. To make you more hired, add a registered professional vendor (RPP) certificate for your name. This certification separates you as an expert court supplier, which can lead to job opportunities and higher pay. Certifications are provided by: To be certified, you can take and pass the Agency's RPP exam, which assesses your knowledge of reporting, transcription production, transcription production, practices, professional issues and continuing training and includes a practical knowledge share. According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, court reporters earned a median annual salary of \$51,320 in 2016. At the low end, court reporters earned a 25 percent salary of \$36,870, meaning 75 percent earned more than that amount. The 75th percent salary is \$72,400, which means 25 percent earn more. In 2016, there were 19,600 people working as court journalists in the United States. An independent, reliable guide to online teaching for over 22 years! Copyright ©2020 GetEducated.com; Accepted colleges, LLC All rights reserved Court report can change someone's life course. Court reports are presented to the judge in certain types of cases, including criminal proceedings and adoption hearings against a minor. When you present the information in the correct format and order, you can influence the outcome of the consultation. The legal report should start with basic information so that the reader can identify the people in the case. Include the names and dates of birth of those involved and the date of the consultation. Create context in the case. In a criminal case, this may include information about a person's background that may explain their behavior, such as a turbulent childhood or upbringing. Include all circumstances relevant to a person's behavior, such as drug addiction, family issues, or diagnosis of a mental disorder. Explain how you know this information and whether you noticed it yourself. If the report you're writing is for an adoption case, include information about potential parents and home. Specify why the child should or should not be placed at home. Give specific examples instead of generalizations. Instead of parents saying parents are active in a child's life, list examples of how they are active, such as coaching a sports team or teaching a child how to fish. Use formal language because the report is intended for the court. Since the accompanying family or person is also reading the report, use a simple language that everyone understands. Before submitting it, check that there are no spelling or grammar errors in the report. Click on the links below to view the sections of the May 2019 Director's Status Report: Budget and Appropriations For the 2019 financial year 2018, the NIA made \$2.571 billion in operating money. The NIA awarded 2,423 research project grants, of which 937 were competing prizes. The Institute's success rate for 2018 was 28.9%. FY 2019 On 28 September 2018, the President signed the Ministry of Defence, Labour, Health and Human Services and the Education Appropriations Act on 28 September 2018, which warns the NIA for the entire financial year 2019 to September 2019. The passed bill includes \$3.081 billion for the NIA, a \$509 million increase over the 2018 fiscal year. includes an additional \$425 million in research into Alzheimer's disease. ACCOUNT 2020 2020 The 2020 President's budget was announced in March 2019. The president's request to the NIH is \$34.4 billion, a decrease of \$3.5 billion compared to the 2019 fiscal year of \$37.9 billion. The NIA's budget request for fiscal year 2020 is \$2.654 billion, a decrease of \$429 million from 2019 levels. See NIA FY 2020 Congressional Reasoning. For the NIA, the 2020 President's budget provides for 2,404 research project grants, of which 366 are new and competing prizes. The estimate includes \$148.8 million for research centers, \$102.7 million for other research grants and \$38.5 million for research training. Back to content May 2019 Interesting legislation: Representative Lacy Clay (D-MO) introduced on March 7, 2019 amendments to H.R. 1608, the Federal Advisory Committee Act, in 2019. If the bill is passed, it would require all appointments as members of advisory committees to be made regardless of political a connection or political activity. extend all requirements of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (FACA) (with the exception of working groups); require that the members of the Advisory Committee be appointed as a special government employee or representative (there is an exception for NIH peer reviewers); restrict the ability of contractors to set up FACA-type committees; and extend transparency requirements (for example, who has named each member and why to choose). There is an additional provision in the draft law that the director of each agency should ensure that the advice and recommendations of the Advisory Committee are the result of an independent evaluation. In addition, each Advisory Committee should, when providing advice and recommendations, include an opinion describing the process used to formulate its advice and recommendations. The House passed the bill on March 12, 2019 and passed it to the Senate. On March 13, 2019, it was transferred to the Senate Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs. Hearings, visits and other topics of interest: On February 26, 2019, NIH Director Francis Collins attended the annual congressional reception hosted by the NIH Children's Inn. Several NIH Institute leaders attended the event, including Dr. Hodes. On February 26, 2019, NIA Director Richard Hodes met with Rep. Don Beyer (D-VA) to discuss scientific progress in aging research, including Alzheimer's disease and related dementia research and activities at the NIA. On February 26, 2019, NIA Director Richard Hodes met with Rep. Maxine Waters (D-CA) to discuss Alzheimer's disease and related dementia research and activities at the NIA. On February 28, 2019, NIA Director Richard Hodes attended a news conference for Alzheimer's Task Force staff together with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), the Community Life Administration (ACL), the Department of Health and Human Services, the Office of the Assistant Planning and Evaluation Secretary (ASPE) with, and and Resource and Services Management (HRSA). This briefing was supported by working group co-chairs Senators Patrick Toomey (R-PA), Susan Collins (R-ME), Mark Warner (D-VA) and Edward Markey (D-MA); and Reps. Chris Smith (R-NJ) and Maxine Waters (D-CA). On March 20, 2019, NIA Deputy Director Marie A. Bernard visited West Virginia University with Senator Shelley Moore Capito (R-WV). Dr. Bernard talked about Alzheimer's disease and toured the university with Senator Capito. On April 2, 2019, the Senate Aging Committee held a hearing on Alzheimer's disease. NIA Director Richard Hodes testified. On April 5, 2019, the NIH was visited by the Senate Workload Subcommittee, HHS and Education Majority Officer Laura Friedel, as well as Minority Official Alex Keenan. During their visit, they met senior management officials, including NIA Director Richard Hodes. On April 11, 2019, the Senate Division of Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and related agencies held a hearing on the President's 2020 budget request to the NIH. NIH Director Francis Collins testified along with Acting NCI Director Douglas Lowy, NIAID Director Anthony Fauci, NIGMS Director Jon Lorsch, NIDDK Director Griffin Rodgers, NIA Director Richard Hodes and NIDA Director Nora Volkow. Submitted by Dawn Beraud, Ph.D., Public Health Analyst, National Institute on Aging. Back to content Personnel changes and honors NIA, IRP welcomes Dr. Wenming Luh as human resources scientist/departement director at the heart of clinical research (CRC). Luh began magnetic resounding (MRI) as director of the nuclear facility under the supervision of NIA Clinical Director Josephine Egan in December 2018. Dr. Luh defended his doctoral thesis on biophysics at the University of Wisconsin School of Medicine in January 1999. He had been a human resources scientist at the National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH) for 11 years (2001-2012) under Dr. Peter Bandettin. Since 2012, he has been technical director of the MRI department at Cornell University in Ithaca, NY. In addition, he has been Cornell's docent since 2014. Dr. Holly Massett is senior advisor for clinical trial recruitment and engagement at the National Institute on Aging (NIA) and oversees the implementation of the NIA's national strategy for recruiting and participating in clinical research on Alzheimer's and related dementia. Dr Massett has over 25 years of work experience in programme evaluation, consumer research and social marketing. Prior to joining the NIA in March 2019, she worked for 15 years at the National Cancer Institute (NCI) with early and late stage treatment clinical research network systems to develop and apply systematic accumulation practices to support challenging studies. He

also served for eight years as deputy director of the NCI Office for Market Research and Evaluation. Before Dr. Massett served on the board, he was director of health, Health Director. Porter novel and held senior research positions at RTI International and the Academy for Educational Development. He has overseen research in national health campaigns sponsored by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the March of Dimes and the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation. Dr. Massett received his Doctorate in Health Communication from the University of Maryland, with an emphasis on intercultural communication and anthropology. Anne Genêt Reim is a new guide contact person in the NIA's extramural operations department. He comes to us from the Small Business Administration's Entrepreneurship Development Office. Before he began his career in the federal government, he volunteered for the Sierra Leonean Peacekeeping Corps. He has a master's degree in public health (MPH) from Columbia University's Mailman School of Public Health, focusing on public health and humanitarian aid and a bachelor's degree in psychology from Fordham University. His passions include reading, hiking and crusading to get the right grammar. NIA, IRP welcomes Dr. Payel Sen as Earl Stadhman's tenure track researcher at the Laboratory of Genetics and Genomics (LGG). Dr. Sen works under the leadership of Dr. Myriam Gorospe, senior researcher and head of LGG, and oversees the functional epigenomics unit. Dr. Sen received his doctorate in biochemistry and molecular biology from the School of Medicine at southern Illinois University in 2011. Shortly after completing his degree, he began a postdoctoral researcher's scholarship at the Institute of Cell and Developmental Biology and Epigenetics at the University of Pennsylvania to mentor Dr. Shelley Berger. In 2016, he was promoted to Research Associate in the same laboratory before starting at the NIA in January 2019. Dr. Richard Spencer, senior researcher, magnetic resonance photography and spectroscopy department, Clinical Research Laboratory (LCI), was named members of the Norbert Wiener Center for Harmonic Analysis at the Department of Mathematics at the University of Maryland in College Park. According to the website, the Centre has three objectives: the research activities of harmonious analysis and applications; Education - postgraduate student; and interaction in the International Community of Harmonic Analysis. David Wilson, III, a researcher at the Laboratory of Molecular Bacteriology (LMG), resigned in April 2019 from the National Institute on Aging (NIA), the Intramural Research Program (IRP). Dr. Wilson defended his doctoral thesis in molecular biology at Loyola University Chicago, Stritch School of Medicine. After being a postdoctoral researcher in the Department of Molecular and Cell Toxicology at Harvard University School of Public Health under Dr. Bruce Dimple, he became a senior biomedical researcher in the Biology and Biotechnology Research Program at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory. Dr. Wilson, served as an assistant professor in the Department of Radiation Oncology at the University of California Davis Cancer Center before starting at LMG in 2002. In 2008, he gained the post and became head of repairs to endogenous DNA damage. Dr. Alison Yao comes to the NIA from the National Institute for Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), where she has served as program manager overseeing a portfolio of genomics and bioinformatic programs since 2005. He was responsible for the development and management of large-scale research programmes in functional genomics, bioinformatics, structural genomics, system biology and genome sequencing centers. These programs develop large-time experimental methods and data-driven combinatorial approaches to promote understanding of the interaction between infectious diseases and host/pathogens. Before joining NIAID, Alison worked as a staff scientist at Celera Genomics. He led and participated in several human genomic projects, including genomic observations, genomic mapping, comparative genomics and database design, and a combinatorial algorithm development. Alison received her Doctorate in Molecular Genetics from Guelph University in Canada, M.S. and B.S. Genetics from Wuhan University in China. Back to content Meetings, workshops and conferences supported by the Institute to TOUR PRO AND ANTI-GERONIC PROTEINS AND PEPTIDES GRANTEES - 11 February 2019 Last year NIA published 2 RFA on the subject, RFA AG 17-002 sponsored by DAB and RFA AG 17-012 sponsored by DGGC. AG 17-002 focused on the transfer (or transposition) of ageing phenotypes detected between young and old rodents and found through heterochronic parabiosis. AG17-012, on the other hand, focused on analyzing existing datasets and stored biospecimens in human cohorts (e.g. epidemiological studies, clinical trials) to promote understanding of the potential effects of polypeptides and proteins on people whose circulating levels change with age and whose experimental evidence indicates reversal or acceleration of aging changes. Eight applications were funded between the two RFA and the 11 blessings associated with it are invited. The purpose of the workshop is for grant recipients to report on their progress and participate in a panel discussion measuring the state of science and exchanging views on the potential of heterochronic parabiosis to be informative about the biology of aging and the translational possibilities of research. Contact person: Dr Ronald A Kohanski, DAB, 301/402-0836 MEETING ON CONSENSUS STUDY ON THE RISE IN AVERAGE MORTALITY AND SES - NATIONAL ACADEMIES, Washington, D.C. - February 11-13, 2019 This consensus study formulated a research programme to help the NIA assess and evaluate the current state of knowledge in this area, identify potentially modifiable identify key skills gaps, make recommendations for future research and data collection, and explore possible policy implications. This consensus study was based on June to June CPDP meeting to examine issues related to health worsening in the Middle Ages. For more information, contact Dr. Amelia Karraker. EXPERT MEETING ON THE DEMOGRAPHY OF SEXUAL AND GENDER MINORITIES - NATIONAL ACADEMIES, Washington, D.C. - 15 February 2019 This meeting was a follow-up to the planning meeting on 16 April 2018. The expert meeting was intersexuality. For more information, contact Georgeanne Patmos. TRAUMATIC BRAIN INJURY AS A RISK FACTOR FOR ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE AND RELATED DEMENTIAL - February 26-27, Bethesda, MD This NIA workshop was organized in collaboration with the Department of Veterans Affairs's (VA) Research and Development Office. The aim of this was: 1) to synthesize what is known and unknown about the relationship between traumatic brain injury (TBI) and dementia, (2) to identify how existing resources can be utilised, and (3) to identify what infrastructure changes or new resources are needed to address current and future research issues. The workshop was organized for three sessions on the following areas of research: (1) epidemiology, (2) diagnosis and clinical evaluation, and (3) basic data. The research gaps and opportunities identified in this workshop will help shape future funding opportunities. For more information about this event, please contact Lisa Opanashuk. 2019 TRANS-NIH ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE (AD) WORKING GROUP MEETING - March 5, 2019, Bethesda, MD This annual event provides participants from various institutes and centers (ICS) with a place to discuss research and collaboration related to AD and AD dementia (ADRD). Seventeen other ICS participated in the NIA-hosted meeting: FIC, NEI, NHLBI, NIAAA, NIAMS, NIBIB, NICHD, NIDA, NIDCD, NIDCR, NIDDK, NIEHS, NIMH, NIMHD, NINDS, NINR and NIH Office of AIDS Research. Dr. Richard Hodes - Director of the NIA, Dr. Eliezer Masliah - Director of Neuroscience NIA Department, Dr. John Haaga - Director of Behavioral and Social Research at the NIA Division, and Dr. Rod Corriveau - NINDS ADRD Program Lead presented updates on collaboration in AD and ADRD research. This year, particular attention was paid to NIA funding for various KPs with an ad and/or ADRD relevance. For more information, contact Jean Tieng-Koehler. WORKSHOP ON TECHNOLOGY AND DEMENTIA - Bethesda, MD - 7 March 2019 The aim of this meeting was to explore research areas on how technology could contribute to (1) early detection of cognitive decline, (2) technology to help treat dementia, and (3) improve healthcare delivery for people with dementia. The meeting sought insight into how the NIA can develop a robust Small Business research grant portfolio that is at the crossroads of technology and dementia. For more information, contact Dr. Partha Bhattacharyya. ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE CENTER (ADCS) RESEARCH TRAINING COMPONENT (REC) TRAINEES' WORKSHOPS - Bethesda, MD - 13 MARCH 2019 NIA neuroscience is sponsored throughout the day by postdoctoral researcher bootcamp for 30 participants on March 13, 2019. Every Alzheimer's Disease Research Center (ADRC) was represented. The primary objective of the workshop was to increase young researchers' understanding of the NIH grant review process. Each participant prepared an NIH R03 model application, had the opportunity to act as an assessor for a friend's proposal and to issue criticism in the Mock study section, which also involved NIA program officers (POS) and NIA/CSR Scientific Review Officers (SROs). At the end of the workshop, each participant received written criticism from three reviewers, which corresponds to what grant recipients would receive through the NIH grant process. In addition to their practical experience writing the grant and serving as an evaluator, participants were exposed to presentations from the NIH Grant process offered by UU AND SNAs. The trainees also participated in the NIH ADRD summit on 14-15 March 2019. NINDS hosted this activity and was supported by the NIA. NIA staff were honoured by the trainees and adrc's chief investigators for organising the activities. According to post-workshop research, 92% of participants rated their overall experience of the workshop as excellent or very good. The success of the workshop was teamwork, including 18 NIA/CSR volunteers (8 neuroscience department organizations, 4 scientific evaluation department organizations, and 6 organizations from the Center for Scientific Review CSR). This action closely reflects the recommendations and expert recommendations of the 2018 Alzheimer's Disease Research Summit in the ADRD Research Implementation Milestone Database (4.G, J, D & 16.A), developed from the recommendations of the 2018 Alzheimer's Disease Research Summit and expert recommendations to the NIA ADRD to train the next generation of workforce in AD/ADRD. For more information, contact Cerise Elliott or Yuan Luo. 24TH ANNUAL NIA/IRP SCIENTIFIC RETREAT - Biomedical Research Centre - 18-19.3.2018. The two-day NIA-sponsored event had two large poster sessions, brief discussions from IRP scientists and keynote speaker Tom Mistel, Ph.D., director, center for cancer research, National Cancer Institute (NCI), titled Understanding Aging: Why and How. No recommendations were created for this meeting. APPLICATION OF MACHINE LEARNING AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TO IMPROVE HEALTH AND HEALTHCARE DELIVERY - 21 March 2019 - Bethesda, MD This meeting brought together researchers from a number of researchers in disciplines (information technology, computer science, health service research, geriatrics/primary health care and psychology) to consider the benefits of machine learning and AI applications and the potential to improve the delivery of health and health care for older Americans. For more information, contact Dr. Partha Bhattacharyya. TRANS-NIH WORKSHOP ON INFLAMMATION RESOLUTION BIOLOGY - 25-26 MARCH 2019 is an acute and dynamic protective response to infection, tissue damage or surgical trauma. The complete solution and return of this answer necessary for the return of healthy tissues. Over the past decade, it has been recognized that the solution of inflammation involves active processes responsible for preventing the recruitment of inflammatory cells and the excretion of inflammatory cells. Failure of the mechanism for the solution of inflammation is suspected in the development of chronic inflammation and the condition that promotes inflammation is associated with a number of chronic diseases and diseases of aging. Improving understanding of the principles of infection resolution can be a paradigm shift from traditional anti-inflammatory approaches and treatments, providing new perspectives on the pathogenesis and treatment practices of the disease. The focus of this NIH cross-border workshop was to assess the current state of science in inflammatory resolution biology and develop coordination strategies to promote this area of common interest research across the NIH. For more information, contact Giovanna Zappala. NIA SPONSORS SYMPOSIUM ON AGING AT 60TH ANNUAL DROSOPHILA RESEARCH CONFERENCE AT GENETICS SOCIETY OF AMERICA (GSA) - March 29, 2019 - Dallas, TX Genetic model systems are very important for understanding aging mechanisms. For invertebrate models, most of the aging study has been conducted in C. elegans. Compared to C. elegans, Drosophila has been underused for aging. Drosophila has many advantages over C. elegans, including a more complex organ system, refined behavior and more distinctive aging phenotypes. Drosophila research conferences organized by the Genetics Society of America have been held every year for 59 years. We sponsored 2 sessions (symposiums) on aging at this annual air conference. The aim was: (1) to improve the representation of ageing research at the meeting; (2) present some NIA-funded research; (3) attract flight researchers to study ageing. We invited 10 speakers to the annual air conference. (Contact: Dr. Max Guo, DAB, 301/402-7747) ALZHEIMER'S SEQUENCING PROJECT (ADSP) WORKSHOP - April 15-16 - Bethesda, MD The sixth annual Alzheimer's Disease Sequence Project (ADSP) workshop, supported by the NIA Department of Neuroscience, was held from April 15-16, 2019 at the NIH campus in Bethesda (Natcher Auditorium). The purpose of this meeting was: 1. to provide an overview of the information produced by ADSP since the last meeting to non-ADSP advisors and, on 2 May 2004, to provide an overview of the information produced by ADSP. plan the analysis of ADSP FUS diversity as complete genome sequence data. In 2018, ADSP launched a follow-up study (FUS) under PAR-16-406 with the aim of sequencing at least 10,000 entire genomes into ethnically diverse population groups. The sequence of African-American and Latin American cohorts is currently well underway. In spring 2019, the ADSP FUS analysis phase work plans were published for the PAR-17-214 century. By 2021, at least 20,000 entire genomes from different populations are expected. In several projects: ongoing studies in the workshop. The highlights of the meeting were: (1) the feasibility of a joint analysis of the entire exome and the entire genome sequences, the first known indication of this type of analysis; (2) from a genetic point of view, the difference between early and late ad has become blurred so that genetically it now appears that AD is a spectrum of aging that may depend in part on the penetration of certain genetic variants and the number of genetic protective factors; (3) Whereas most of the variation observed in the AD genome is in uncoded areas; (4) Whereas genetic effects in regulatory areas are often specific to cell types; and (5) the assessment of risk models on the basis of a single cell type can be supported by the use of polygenic risk scores. The workshop also held a robust discussion on the harmonisation of phenotypic data in different types of research plans and several research waves. The inclusion of deep phenotype data in existing datasets allows analyses to go far beyond the binary AD/non-AD classification and help better characterise the endophenotypes of Alzheimer's disease and related dementia (ADRD). The stages of the harmonisation process include the definition of research issues, the compilation of data and the selection of studies, the prioritisation of variables, the processing of data, harmonised data and the documentation and dissemination of harmonisation products. ADSP researchers themselves are advocating this collaboration out of their awareness that this process needs to better define endophenotypes. Such efforts will benefit the AD research community throughout the near future as research moves to explore effective ways to leverage large amounts of data that are becoming available. For more information, contact Marilyn Miller. BEYOND NAD+: NEW ROLES OF METABOLITES AS WE AGE - April 23, 2019 Metabolites have increasingly been identified as signal molecules, in addition to metabolic by-products, for many cell functions, from protein conversion to gene expression and epigenetic regulation. In particular, the metabolites of nicotinamide adenine subnucleotide (NAD+) have been shown to play an important role in the ageing process. New research in the field has recently identified new metabolisms, which are part of the reason for regulating ageing. The purpose of the workshop was to discuss recent findings on new roles in metabolites in regulating ageing and longevity, and to identify new research paths to promote the field. Metabolism and aging are closely linked, where nutrient recognition and calorie restriction mechanisms maintain pathways that modulate health interval and longevity. Therefore, it makes sense to regard small molecules, called metabolite, that are born in different metabolic processes as crucial elements in the aging process. In addition to the fact that the metabolites NAD+ are known to be a regulatory function as we age, many more have been identified which may play a potential role in ageing. Aging development of new metabolomics technologies. These include the metabolite succinate of the Krebs cycle, fermentation product setlitate and polyamine succinate. Other energy metabolites, such as citrate, pyruvate or butyrate, known to regulate cell homeostasis, have been involved as potential regulators in the aging process. Based on these recent findings, a new area of research on non-NAD+ metabolites in ageing regulation requires further research through DAB-supported workshops. (Contact: Dr. Yih-Woei Fridell, DAB, 301/496-7847) CENTRAL AND PERIPHERAL BALANCE IN OLDER ADULTS WORKSHOP - April 23-24 - Bethesda, MD This NIA-sponsored half-day workshop was a joint effort by the Department of Neuroscience and the Department of Geriatrics and Clinical Gerontology with the support of the National Institute for Deafness and Other Communication Disorders (NIDCD). The 21 participants invited included neuroscientists, Geriatricians, ENT doctors and physiotherapists. The main objective of this workshop was 1) to assess the state of science in terms of monitoring the central and peripheral balance of older adults, focusing on sculptural activities, (2) identifying gaps in current knowledge, and (3) exploring new research opportunities to understand the mechanisms behind the balance of falls and postural reactions and older adults. The workshop was organized for four sessions on the following areas of research: 1) Balance and aging brain, 2) Diagnosis and evaluation of equilibrium disorders, 3) Use of new technologies to assess and manage equilibrium disorders, and 4) Balancing activities, treatments and objectives of treatments. The research gaps and opportunities identified in this workshop will help inform all future NIA activities in this area. For more information, contact Lyndon Joseph or Corseye St. Hillaire-Clarke. ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE AND RELATED DEMENTIAS (AD/ADRD) DIGITAL BIOMARKER WORKSHOP - April 25-26 - Bethesda, MD This NIA-supported workshop aimed to further promote digital technology research that can be used to diagnose and monitor ADRD early. Experts were brought to the meeting to discuss digital technology approaches and innovations in assessing and diagnosing ad/ADRD cognition and lifestyle changes. The workshop also discussed the application and management of clinical research into data collected from mobile devices. The development of ad/ADRD diagnosis tools is a key objective of the National Alzheimer's Project Act (NAPA) and is closely aligned with the milestones for the implementation of AD research on translational tools - enabling technologies and improving AD monitoring. For more information, please contact Yuan Luo. EDUARDO C. ZAVALLA MEMORIAL READING AND POST BAC POSTER DAY - 1 May 2019 This year's special guest lecturer was laitoksen apu-aspirantti professori Joel L. Pomerantz Pomerantz Institute of Cellular Engineering and Director of The Postgraduate Program in Immunology at the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine. No recommendations were created for this meeting. CHANGE DUE TO THE AGE OF ADULT STEM CELLS - 1.-2.5.2019 This one-day workshop was a joint effort between DAB and NCI. The purpose of the workshop was to discuss the recent progress of stem cell aging and their participation in the initiation and progression of cancer, focusing on metabolic and epigenetic mechanisms that regulate the aging process and promote transformation into cancer-starting cells. Speakers were asked to give a 30-minute presentation of their recent research findings, stressing how it relates to aging and cancer, the onco-aging study. The symposium was chaired by division of aging biology program staff (Dr. Candace Kerr, Rebecca Fuldner) and NCI staff. (Contact: Dr. Candace Kerr, DAB, 301/827-4474 and Dr. Rebecca A Fuldner, DAB, 301/402-7748) AGE AND HIV-RELATED NEURODEGENERATION - May 1-2, 2019 - Bethesda, MD This workshop aimed to review basic research and clinical research on the generalities and differences in neurodegenerative diseases, in particular Alzheimer's disease, and Dementia associated with Alzheimer's disease, as well as neurological disorders related to HIV infection and AIDS. This workshop is sponsored by the NIH's AIDS Research Office and the National Aging Institute. For more information, contact Mack Mackiewicz. NAS CNSTAT SPRING SEMINAR ON THE DEMOGRAPHICS OF THE INSTITUTIONAL CARE POPULATION AND THE STUDY NEEDS OF THIS POPULATION - May 8 - WASHINGTON, D.C. This regular meeting of NAS CNSTAT included a half-day seminar on the topic selected by NIA BSR. Broadly defined institutional care environments include assisted living, independent living, CCRRDs, nursing homes, group homes, personal care homes, retirement communities with services and senior housing. The population living within this framework is considerable and is expected to grow dramatically over the next two decades. A significant proportion of older adults with limitations in day-to-day activities live within this framework, but we do not know much about who is within this framework, how well their needs will be met and what demand will look like in the future, given the ageing of the baby boom population. There are different sources of information, but also data gaps. The seminar sought to identify the shortcomings and what research is needed to close the gaps. For more information, contact John Phillips: 301-496-3136. NAS PLANNING MEETING ON MOBILE TECHNOLOGY FOR ADAPTIVE AGING - May 9, 2019 - Washington, D.C. This activity is based on nas's successful 2004 completion of technology for Adaptive Aging. NAS committees have maintained membership profiles and expertise that should contribute to assessing current trends use of mobile technology for older adults and the production of new research recommendations. There is little difference in what activity more than 65 people and Millennials do online. Similarly, mobile use shows relatively small racial or ethnic differences, and even urban and rural disparities are reduced. At the center of the meeting were special health benefits and research applications that could originate from the use of mobile technology at the moment, with 77 percent of all adults now owning a smartphone. For more information, contact Jonathan King: 301-496-3136. NIA SPONSORS SYMPOSIUM IMMUNOMETABOLISM, INFLAMMATION AND AGING AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF IMMUNOLOGY (AAI) - May 9, 2019 This NIA-sponsored symposium was held at the American Association of Immunologists Annual Meeting on May 9-13, 2019 in San Diego, CA. NIA sponsored an annual symposium at this location to highlight recent findings in the field of immunity and aging. The title of this year's session was Immunometabolism, inflammation and aging. The purpose of these symposiums is to give presentations on the state of science findings in this research topic. (Contact: Dr. Rebecca A Fuldner, DAB, 301/402-7748) SLEEP INADEQUACY, CIRCADIAN RHYTHM AND IMMUNE RESPONSE - May 16-17 - Rockville, MD This workshop aims to highlight recent basic and clinical research in sleep and circadian biology linking immune system dysfunction to pathology and promote multidisciplinary collaboration between sleep/circadian rhythm, immunology, aging, cancer and other communities through recent discussions. The workshop is sponsored by the National Heart Lung and Blood Institute (NHLBI), the National Institute on Aging (NIA), the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID), and the National Institute on Alcohol Abuse and Alcoholism (NIAAA). For more information, contact Mack Mackiewicz. NAS COP SPRING SEMINAR ON GAPS IN THE DEMENTIA CARE WORKFORCE: RESEARCH UPDATE AND DATA NEEDS - Washington, D.C. - May 23, 2019 This half-time seminar aims to review recent research on deficiencies in dementia nursing staff within a different framework. The performers are asked for a background in three broad areas: (1) current and future shortcomings in paid dementia care workers; (2) defining and understanding the impact of the creation of high-quality jobs on direct care and other paid workers; and (3) labour problems related to dementia treatment for at-risk populations (e.g. rural areas, Medicaid for two eligible or low-socioeconomically underserved groups, those moving from hospital to post-acute and home environments, and people with dementia for whom English is not their primary language). The discussion will focus on research and data. For more information, contact Dana Plude: 301-496-3136. OSTEOCLAST BIOLOGY AND AGING Bethesda, MD - May 23, 2019 It is widely accepted that the bone marrow nick changes with age. Great Great cell lines in the bone marrow and their changing abundance and activities with age strongly suggest that these interactions are much more complex than are currently appreciated. The field has widely appreciated the fact that hematopoiesis skews with age to a myeloid line, and this bias is significant because osteoclasts originate from myeloid lines. This explains, at least in part, the age-related growth of the osteoclastes figures. These age-related overall changes have profound effects on bone marrow cells and their function. In addition, changes in bone marrow niche have been reported to have numerous effects on the osteoblast/osteocyt line and osteoblasts have been reported to contribute to the preservation of bone marrow niche. Bone marrow mesenchymal stem cells (osteoblast, adipocyte and chondrocytopogenes) binding to the bone that makes up osteoblastophenotype decreases with age; at the same time, an increase in the number of adipocytes in the bone marrow. These findings have dominated the bone field, which is largely detrimental to mectic studies of the molecular signal between osteoblast and osteoclast, and, together with recent changes in circulating signal factors with aging, as evidenced by various parabiosis experiments, strongly suggests that the complexity of these interactions is not appreciated. Given the dynamic interactions between osteoclasts and osteoblasts and osteoclast dependence on osteoblasts, it is time to re-examine how aging affects both osteoclast differences and physiological activity. (Contact: John P Williams, DAB, 301/496-6403) CELL ANALYSIS IN AGEING AND DISEASES - Biomedical Research Centre - May 23, 2019 Several speakers present their work in the field of single-cell analysis, including technology, commuting analysis and applications in chromatin studies, haematopoietic, neuronal, lung, muscle and pharmaceutical systems. EFFECTS OF THE SECOND DEMOGRAPHIC CHANGE ON THE HEALTH OF MIDDLE AND LATER LIFE - 29-30.5.2019 - Bethesda, MD The general objective of the meeting is to study current and future research on the effects of another demographic change (i.e. increasing family complexity, instability, heterogeneity) on the health and well-being of the middle and later life of the individual directly experiencing the transition. The aim of the meeting will be to clarify the current state of knowledge and important material and methodological areas for future research. For more information, contact Dr. Amelia Karraker. NIH PAIN CONSORTIUM SYMPOSIUM - May 30-31 - Bethesda, MD NIH Pain Consortium is established to enhance pain research and promote collaboration between researchers at many NIH institutes and centers with pain prevention programs and functions. The consortium supports initiatives, the development of research resources and tools, and hosts events to promote cooperation and progress in pain research. The NIA once again supports the NINDS-led annual Pain Consortium Symposium. The theme of the symposium is Pain throughout the life cycle, with expert panel sessions on the pain of pediatrics, middle age and older adults. There will also be a poster session to engage younger researchers. For more information, contact Dr. Corseye St. Hillaire-Clarke. GEROSCIENCE POSTDOCTORAL FELLOWS SYMPOSIUM ON TISSUE-RESIDENT IMMUNE CELLS - 4.-6.6.2019 This workshop is another Geroscience - Concepts of postdoctoral symposium. It is organized by members of the Geroscience Interest Group. A new feature of this series is the focus on the next generation of researchers. That's why organizers identify postdoctoral researchers with career development awards and principal researchers who do research at the cutting edge of their field and who give the names of leading postdoctoral researchers from their laboratories to the symposium. This approach promotes interaction between these new researchers, gives them access to NIH program staff to help them advance their careers, and provides new concepts for the NIH to consider promoting geroscience in a variety of areas supported by NIH institutes and centers. The Geroscience hypothesis states that the slowdown in aging should delay the onset and reduce the severity of late-onset degenerative diseases, weaknesses and diseases. The background is several molecular and cell processes grouped in the hallmarks of aging or the pillars of geroscience. Recent advances in the basic biology and physiological functions of tissue immune cells offer opportunities to consider them even in the context of aging. Tissue immune cells are found in different tissues and have different tissue-specific functions, but they represent a common connection that can be considered a universal target. In addition to the NIA, there are nine NIH institutes involved, and most of the speakers are postdoctoral researchers, most of whom do not work specifically in the field of aging and can therefore bring new perspectives to Geroscience. (Contact: Dr Ronald A Kohanski, DAB, 301/402-0836) NAS BCSS SPRING MEETING ON THE HARMONISATION AND COORDINATED ANALYSIS OF BEHAVIORAL AND PSYCHOLOGICAL PHENOTYPES IN LONGITUDINAL STUDIES RICH IN PSYCHOLOGICAL CONTENT - Washington, D.C. - June 6, 2019 The NIA Department of Behavioral and Social Research supports a large number of deep phenotyped small to medium longitudinal cohorts that together cover a lifetime course. These studies collect a wealth of data on behavioral and psychological processes related to personality, stress, emotions, social relationships, self-regulation, decision-making and health behaviors, to study their links to well-being and health in later life. Many of these projects have experience in sampling or diary daily protocols, as well as includes biomarker and neuroimaging assessments. The aim of the seminar would be to identify the challenges, opportunities and potential benefits of increased coordination between these projects in order to promote cooperation with multicohort publications. Multicohort papers inherently address the replication issue and often extend the observation to a new context (different age group, different geographic location, etc.) and can reveal limitations of discovery or identify interesting moderators. In order to facilitate data integration, harmonisation and joint publication, we invite experts to consider the measures needed to promote this work. For more information, contact Lisbeth Nielsen: 301-496-3136. LIFE AND HEALTHSPAN VARIATION MECHANISMS - 17.6.2019 Individuals embody their complex characteristics. This is also true when they have the same genotype in the loc that determine the trait in the entire population. Although environmental factors influence the variation in expression, the environment or genetics cannot fully explain the variability of individuals' lives or health. In some species, lifespan is highly variable. The reasons for the differences between these individuals are not well understood. In addition, individuals with the same lifespan can experience dramatic differences in the health interval. Most of the previous ageing study has measured the average lifespan and health interval of the population, masking heterogeneity in the behaviour of the individual formed by the population. For example, the average and maximum age quantifies the longevity of an aging cohort. These two variables completely neglect another aspect of the ageing population. The behaviour of the entire population really hides important information. Heterogeneity makes the population, on average, a predictor of poor individual behavior and obscures the basis of population-level phenotypes. Understanding the factors influencing this heterogeneity is essential to plan measures with wide-ranging effects on ageing between individuals. The workshop assesses life cycle and health variations and the factors influencing them, based on the current state of research and future objectives. The workshop will also discuss obstacles and possible opportunities in this area. (Contact: Dr. Max Guo, DAB, 301/402-7747) Thirteenth Annual AGEING BIOLOGY NEW RESEARCH FORUM (DABNIF) - 27-28 June 2019 The aim of the forum is to bring together new award winners (i.e. lead researchers who are new DAB funders) in the spring/summer of the following year to meet and interact with NIA programme staff and to enable participants to network with each other. To take into account the large number of participants, each new pi leader will present a poster describing the planned study (or the result to date). In addition to the keynote speaker, sessions includes short elevator pitch brochures from new laureate winners, dab staff and NIA management presentations on topics such as the scope of DAB-supported science, funding mechanisms, grant review issues, and other related topics. The format also offers a significantly expanded opportunity to network among researchers and plenty of opportunities to interact with NIA personnel. The main objective of the meeting is to promote the continued success, interaction and cooperation of the new TSEs. The format of the forum has been adapted to reflect the 2018 evaluation of forum participants. (Contact: Dr. Manuel Moro, DAB, 301/480-1796) COGNITIVE BENEFITS (AND COSTS) OF PERIMENOPAUSAL HRT - August 2019 - Bethesda, the prevalence of MD Dementia is a clear gender difference, and women are twice as likely to have all the causes of dementia as men. The main findings of the Women's Health Initiative Memory Study (WHIMS) on dementia showed an increased risk of dementia in conjugated hormone oestrogen therapy and medroxyprogesteroneacetate (CEE/MPA) in 65-year-old and the oldest women, but not the risk of mild cognitive impairment. The discovery of dementia was unexpected and remains controversial. It is not known whether hormone use in younger postmenopausal women reduces menopause close to the risk of dementia or whether WHIMS findings should be common for younger women. The purpose of this workshop is to bring together experts to consider the current knowledge base on the cognitive benefits and costs of hormone therapy and to identify gaps that hamper the development of clear recommendations on timing, duration and mechanisms by which perimenopausal hormone therapy can change the trajectory of cognitive function as we age. For more information, contact Luci Roberts. NAS PLANNING MEETING ON WORK, THE WORKPLACE, AND AGING - Washington, D.C. - September 5-6, 2019 This meeting organized by NASEM was funded through a mission order. The 2013 BSR review by the National Advisory Council on Ageing encouraged initiatives to understand health and policies at work that promote health and support work for older age, and to develop measures to extend working life and promote health, especially among the most vulnerable workers. The planning meeting will consider what is known and what is not known about the health impact on older workers in traditional and gig/sharing sectors, as well as work characteristics and policies that promote health and support work for older people. Experts represent the fields of sociology, economics, health psychology, organizational psychology, behavioral medicine, social epidemiology, business and behavioral economics. For more information, contact Lisbeth Nielsen: 301-496-3136. NAS BCSS EXPERT MEETING ON EMPATHY AND COMPASSION: BASIC RESEARCH INTERVENTION KITSEN INFORMTOIMIN - WASHINGTON, D.C. - 16.-17.9., 16.-17.9., The expert meeting will examine how to promote measures to promote the health and well-being of care providers, while at the same time improving the quality of care they provide. It examines recent advances in the ingesting and understanding of the basic behavioural processes associated with all types of empathy, compassion and prosocial behaviour. The aim of the meeting is to identify future trends that include basic observations, principles and concepts, research on the development of actions aimed at optimising and expressing the experience and type of empathy and compassion service providers, with the ultimate goal of promoting the health and well-being of care providers while improving the care they provide. For more information, contact Lisa Onken: 301-496-3136. SENSENCE IN BRAIN AGING AND ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE - September 18-19 - Bethesda, Maryland This NIA-sponsored half-day workshop aims to bring together experts in sensuality, aging and neurodegeneration to highlight recent research advances, assess the state of science, and sense challenges and opportunities to promote research in this field. The workshop agenda includes sessions with 1) systemic factors, aging and brain aging; (2) non-neuronal cells, aging and brain aging; and (3) sensitivity to Alzheimer's disease and related dementia. For more information about this event, contact Amanda DiBart. AGED IMMUNE SYSTEMS AFFECT THE WOUND HEALING PROCESS - September 2019 This half-and-a-half day workshop is a joint effort of NIAID and NIA. The aim is to bring together experts who will study the role of the immune system in wound healing to discuss current and future needs. Wound healing is a complex process aimed at restoring tissue integrity and function, covering a number of overlapping events, including the recruitment of inflammatory cells (local and systemic), the activation of local stem cell populations, the locating of circulating offspring, epithelial seaming, matrix deposition and, ultimately, the formation of a scar to solve inflammation. Advanced age is associated with changes in innate and adaptive immune response, which can play a significant role in the deterioration of wound resolution in the elderly, leading to an increase in chronic wounds and wound infection in this population. Current knowledge in the field is limited in how different aspects of aging can affect wound healing, but the current workshop focuses especially on the role of changing inflammatory and innate immune responses. Participants are asked to identify key gaps in our understanding of immune factors that contribute to delayed wound healing in older tissues. The importance of different older animal models as test systems for treatment of both mechanisms linking aging and inflammatory inflammatory deterioration of wound healing. The meeting will be held at the NIAID Auditorium on Fishers Lane in Rockville in September 2019. (Contact: Dr. Rebecca A Fuldner, DAB, 301/402-7748) NAS WORKSHOP ON INCORPORATING AN EXPERIMENTAL MEDICAL APPROACH TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF PRIMARY PREVENTION TESTS FOR ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE - October 10-11 - WASHINGTON, D.C. The National Alzheimer's Plan Act (NAPA) includes a special milestone for NIA to conduct primary alzheimer's disease and related dementia prevention trials starting at middle age. This recommendation is based on the correctness that many of the social and behavioral risk factors associated with dementia would be best addressed before neuropathological processes begin, which themselves can begin decades before direct cognitive impairment is observed. This meeting will examine how insights arising from the science of behavioral change, especially experimental medicine, can be incorporated into the planning and implementation of these primary prevention measures to identify mechanisms that can help prevent cognitive impairment. For more information, contact Jonathan King: 301-496-3136. 30. ANNUAL NATHAN W. SHOCK AWARD LECTURE - October 17, 2019 The award was established in 1991 to honor Dr. Nathan Shock, the father of American gerontology, and was organized in an effort to increase collaboration within an aging field of research. The 2019 award winner, Dr. Matt Kaeblerlin, will give speeches and meet staff. Dr. Steven N. Austad, winner of the 1994 award, will also speak as part of the 30th anniversary celebration. NAS WORKSHOP ON FUTURE DIRECTIONS IN SOCIAL AND AFFECTIVE NEUROSCIENCE OF AGING - Washington, D.C. - November 18-19, 2019 This meeting will take into account the progress of research over a decade in NIA's investments in the social and active neuroscience fields of aging and express the most promising new directions in the field. Participants look at evidence of emotional changes in aging, given the evolution of emotional theory, the current understanding of the emotional development of the course of life (including the effect of early life adversity) and the current understanding of the neurobiological and physiological changes associated with normal aging that are relevant to emotional functions. Attention is paid to the development and impact of individual differences in social and collective phenova associated with emotional functions. Participants include experts in emotional research on issues such as psychology, psychiatry, behavioural neuroscience, early life development, life cycle development, aging psychology, stentive science, social and cognitive neuroscience, social psychology, motivational research, psychoneuroimmunology, psychophysiology, genetics and behavioral genetics. For more information, contact Lisbeth Nielsen: 301-496-3136. GSGI SEMINARS (autumn 2019) This series of seminars sponsored by trans-NIH Geroscience Interest Group (GSGI). Geroscience Interest Group (GSGI) was established to improve the possibilities for discussing the link between the biology of aging and the biology of diseases and diseases. It focuses on basic biology, but with a long view towards translation. These seminars focus on ageing and various ageing-related diseases, with an emphasis on the intersections between basic biology of ageing and the basic biology of the disease. Such topics are important for achieving the objectives of the GSGI. (Contact: Dr Ronald A Kohanski, DAB, 301/402-0836) BLUE RIBBON PANEL ON THE TREATMENT OF RODENTS FOR AGEING RESEARCH - Autumn 2019 This 1.5-day meeting aims to convene a blue ribbon panel with 10-12 experts in the field of treatment of research rats and mice. The aim is to provide (1) an overview of the state and challenges related to the research use of older rodents and (2) recommendations on best practices to optimise the rigidity and reliability of ageing studies. (Contact person: Francesca Macchiarini, DAB, 301/827-4013) Back to Content Content, Media, Information and Meetings Publications and Web Content Booklets, Details Pages, DVDs: Caring for someone with Alzheimer's disease: Easy-to-use guide to the National Institute on Aging Go4Life postcard Smoking: Stopping AgePage online content is never too late: Spanish articles translated and posted: Media & Outreach Press releases and research highlights NIA published and distributed the following press releases: The NIA published the following featured studies: Social media @Alzheimers NIH Twitter followers now total 10,259 NIHaging Facebook has 12,529 followers; quarterly peak reaches (about 7,100 persons) 1/30 hypothermia promo. Email/Alerts Sent a total of 35 e-alerts 1.1.2019 -3/31/2019 to the following lists: Go4Life Fitness Tips: 26,728 subscribers Healthy aging Highlights: 32,426 subscribers Alzheimer's News & notifications: 23,371 subscribers to NIA carers: 13,148 subscribers Meetings and exhibitions Meetings with trade unions American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA), February 2019 - Drs. Richard Hodes, Marie Bernard, and senior NIA staff met with ASA representatives to discuss common interests. Topics discussed included educational opportunities, delirium, perioperative cognitive issues and funding opportunities in these areas. Sleep Research Society (SRS), February 2019 - Dr Richard Hodes, Marie Bernard and senior NIA employees meet with SRS members. Topics discussed included the NIA budget, funding opportunities and the NIA portfolio and sleep and day study priorities. American Urological Association (AUA), March 2019 - Dr Richard Hodes, Marie Bernard and NIA staff meet with AUA representatives. Meeting presented the NIA budget and funding opportunities. Participants also discussed training opportunities and research priorities. American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (ASBMB), March 2019 - Dr. Richard Hodes, Marie Bernard and NIA staff

meet with ASBMB representatives to discuss NIA's basic biology and other common interests. Other topics discussed included the NIA's budget and funding opportunities. American Geriatrics Society (AGS), April 2019 – Dr Richard Hodes, Marie Bernard and NIA senior staff met with AGS management and representatives. Topics discussed included the NIA budget, funding and training opportunities and NIA sessions at the annual AGS meeting. Friends of the National Institute on Aging (FONIA), April 2019 – Dr Richard Hodes, Marie Bernard and senior NIA staff met with FONIA representatives to review the NIA budget. Participants in the meeting also discussed NIA funding for AD/ADRD projects of other KPs and the additional NIA programme. American Society of Hematology (ASH), April 2019 – Dr. Richard Hodes, Marie Bernard and NIA staff meet with representatives of the ASH Scientific Committee. The group discussed the NIA budget, common research priorities and ways to inform ASH members about funding and training opportunities supported by the NIA. Exhibitions at conferences American Society on Aging 15.-18.4.2019 – New Orleans, LA American Geriatrics Society, 2.-4.5.2019, 2019 – Portland, OR Association of Healthcare Journalists, May 3-4 , 2019 – Baltimore, MD Alzheimer's Disease Center meeting, May 2-3, 2019 – Philadelphia, PA (For more information about NIA content, media, media or conferences or exhibitions, contact Cindy McConnell, Director, OCPL, 301-435-0024). For more information on NIA professional meetings, please contact Melinda Kelley, Legislative Officer, 301-451-8835.) Back to content NEW NOTICES AND INITIATIVES RELEVANT TO THE NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR AGEING (NIA) At the Council meeting in May 2019, attending or with interest from the NIA, visit these two websites: and (see this web link for recent changes in NIH policy). link).

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